CRIMINAL SALE OF A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE IN THE FIRST DEGREE

(Two [2] Ounces or More
Containing a Narcotic Drug)
Penal Law § 220.43(1)
(Committed on or after June 10, 1995)
(Revised April 4, 2003)¹

The (<u>specify</u>) count is Criminal Sale of a Controlled Substance in the First Degree.

Under our law, a person is guilty of Criminal Sale of a Controlled Substance in the First Degree when that person knowingly and unlawfully sells one or more preparations, compounds, mixtures or substances containing a narcotic drug and the preparations, compounds, mixtures or substances are of an aggregate weight of two [2] ounces or more.

The following terms used in that definition have a special meaning:²

The term NARCOTIC DRUG includes (specify) .3

SELL means to sell, exchange, give or dispose of to another.

[Sell also includes an offer or agreement to sell even if actual delivery does not occur, provided that, at the time of the offer or agreement, the person has the intent and ability to make the sale. An intent is a conscious objective or purpose. Thus, a person acts with intent to sell when that person's conscious

-

The revision was for the purpose of re-defining the term "sale" as it applied to an offer or agreement to sell.

² Where necessary, include the definition of "ounce" which means "an avoirdupois ounce as applied to solids or semi-solids, and a fluid ounce as applied to liquids." Penal Law § 220.00(3).

³ See Penal Law § 220.00(7).

objective or purpose is to sell.]4

A person KNOWINGLY sells a substance containing (specify) when that person is aware that he or she is selling a substance which contains (specify) .5

A person UNLAWFULLY sells <u>(specify)</u> when that person has no legal right to sell it.⁶ Under our law, with certain exceptions not applicable here, a person has no legal right to sell <u>(specify)</u>.

AGGREGATE WEIGHT refers to the weight of the substance which contains the <u>(specify)</u>, irrespective of the amount of the <u>(specify)</u> actually in the substance.⁷

In order for you to find the defendant guilty of this crime, the People are required to prove, from all the evidence in the case, beyond a reasonable doubt, each of the following three elements:

- That on or about <u>(date)</u>, in the county of <u>(county)</u>, the defendant, <u>(defendant's name)</u>, sold one or more preparations, compounds, mixtures or substances containing <u>(specify)</u>;
- 2. That the defendant did so knowingly and unlawfully; and
- 3. That, in the aggregate, such substance weighed two [2] ounces or more.

⁴ See Penal Law § 220.00(1); People v. Samuels, 99 N.Y.2d 20 (2002).

⁵ See Penal Law § 15.05(2); Penal Law § 15.20(4). An expanded definition of "knowingly" is available in the General Charges section under Culpable Mental States.

 $^{^{\}mbox{\tiny 6}}$ See Penal Law $\mbox{\S }$ 220.00(2) and Public Health Law $\mbox{\S }$ 3396(1).

⁷ See People v Mendoza, 81 NY2d 963, 965 (1993).

If you find the People have proven beyond a reasonable doubt each of those elements, you must find the defendant guilty of this crime.

If you find the People have not proven beyond a reasonable doubt any one or more of those elements, you must find the defendant not guilty of this crime.